# 1x2 / 2x2 Single Mode Dual-Window Broadband Fiber Optic Coupler/Splitter



(1310 & 1550 nm)



DATASHEET





The FC Series fiber optic coupler is based on Agiltron's fused biconical taper technology and compact packaging structure. It features good uniformity, low excess loss and very low polarization sensitivity. The device is ideal for splitting or combining light with exceptional performance over a wide wavelength range

#### **Features**

- Wavelength Independent
- Low Insertion Loss
- Low PDL
- Highly Stable & Reliable
- Ultra Low Cost

## **Applications**

- Optical communications
- FTTX
- Local Access Network (LAN)
- Fiberoptic Instrumentation

## **Specifications**

Paramet	er	Premium	Grade A	Unit
Splitting Ratio		0.5/99.0 t		
Bandwidth		1310 ± 40 and	nm	
Excess Loss [1]		0.07	0.1	dB
	50/50	3.4/3.4	3.6/3.6	dB
	40/60	4.4/2.5	4.8/2.8	dB
	30/70	5.6/1.8	6.1/2.0	dB
	20/80	7.5/1.2	8.0/1.3	dB
	10/90	10.8/0.6	12.0/0.8	dB
Insertion Loss <sup>[1]</sup>	5/95	14.6/0.4	18.4/0.5	dB
	4/96	16.0/0.3	19.0/0.4	dB
	3/97	17.5/0.3	19.5/0.4	dB
	2/98	19.0/0.2	20.0/0.3	dB
	1/99	21.5/0.2	22.0/0.3	dB
	0.5/99.5	23.0/0.2	24.0/0.3	dB
Polarization Dependent Loss		0.1	0.15	dB
Uniformity		0.6	1.0	dB
Optical Power Handling		5	W	
Operating Temperature		-40~	°C	
Storage Temperature		-50~	°C	

#### Notes:

- [1]. Without connector. Each connector adds 0.3dB and 0.5dB for short wavelength
- \* Other package options available on request

**Note:** The specifications provided are for general applications with a cost-effective approach. If you need to narrow or expand the tolerance, coverage, limit, or qualifications, please [click this <u>link</u>]:

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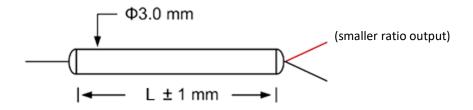


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### **Mechanical Dimensions (mm)**



<sup>\*</sup>Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

### **Ordering Information**

Prefix	Port	Wavelength	Grade	Package	Splitting Ratio	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Fiber Length	Connector
FCSB-	1x2 = 1 2x2 = 2	1310&1550 = 1 Special = 0	P Grade = P A Grade = A	54(L) = 1 70(L) = 2 90(L) = 3 Special = 0	01/99 = 1 02/98 = 2 05/95 = 3 10/90 = 4 20/80 = 5 30/70 = 6 40/60 = 7 50/50 = 8 0.5/99.5 = 9 3/97 = A 4/96 = B Special = 0	SM28e = 1	250µm fiber = 1 900µm tube = 2 2mm cable = 3 3mm cable = 4 Special = 0	0.5m = 1 0.75m = 2 1.0m = 3 Special = 0	None = 0 FC/PC = 1 FC/SPC = 2 FC/APC = 3 FC/UPC = 4 SC/SPC = 5 SC/APC = 6 SC/UPC = 7 ST = 8 MU = 9 LC/PC = B LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U

### **Application Notes**

#### **Fiber Core Alignment**

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

#### Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 µm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

#### **Maximum Optical Input Power**

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.